



### NSAT-2023

CLASS – XI (Botany, Zoology, Physics & Chemistry)
(Class XI Moving to XII-PCB)

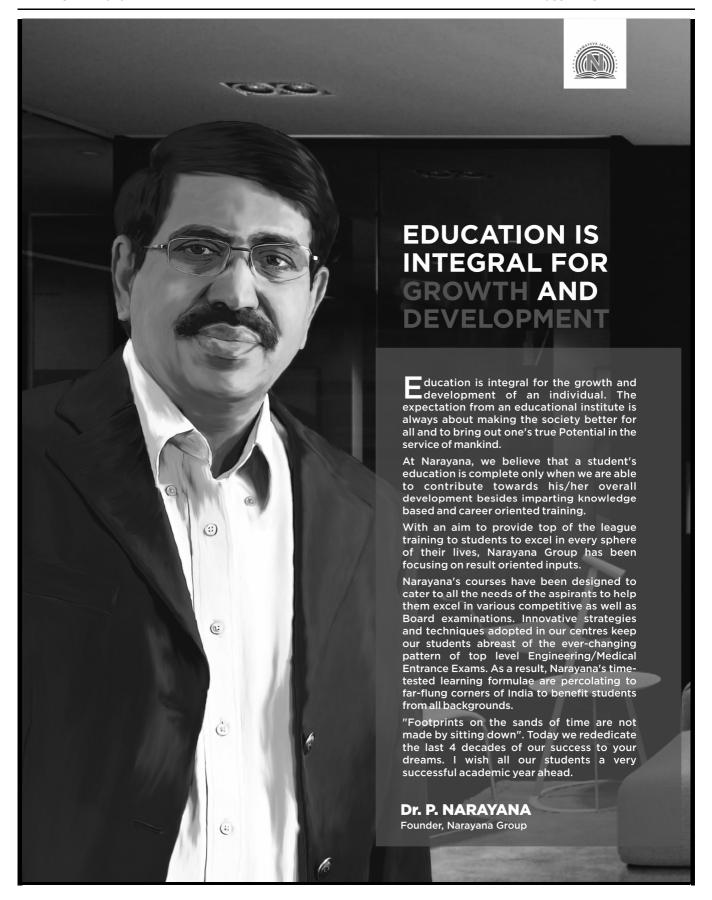
# NARAYANA SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (NSAT) SAMPLE PAPER

Time: 1:00 Hr. Maximum marks: 160

#### **IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. The test Booklet consists of 40 questions. The maximum marks are 160.
- 2. There are five parts in the question paper of Botany (Q. No. 1 to 10), Zoology (Q. No. 11 to 20), Physics (Q. No. 21 to 30) & Chemistry (Q. No. 31 to 40) having 40 questions. Each question is allotted +4 (four) marks for each correct response & -1 for each incorrect answer
- 3. Mark only one correct answer out of four alternatives.
- 4. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars/marking.
- 5. Use of Calculator is not allowed.
- 6. Dark the circle in the space provided only.
- 7. Use of white fluid or any other material which damage the answer sheet, is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

TO BE FILLED IN CAPITAL LETTERS	
NAME OF THE STUDENT :	
FATHER'S NAME :	
CONTACT NUMBERS:S	SCHOOL NAME :
ROLL NO. :TEST CENTRE :	
I have read all the instructions and shall abide by them	I have verified all the information filled in by the Candidate
Signature of the Candidate	Signature of the Invigilator



### **BOTANY**

- 1. Cells acquire and use energy to synthesize, store, degrade and eliminate substances through chemical reactions called
  - (A) metastasis

(B) respiration

(C) metabolism

- (D) homeostasis
- **2.** The term 'Taxonomy' was first proposed by the Swiss botanist:
  - (A) Lamarck

(B) Nageli

(C) A.P. de Candolle

(D) Linnaeus

**3.** Match the following

## Column – I Column – II (Group of bacteria) (Their shape)

- a. Coccus
- (i) Rod-shaped
- b. Bacillus
- (ii) Spherical
- c. Spirillum
- (iii) Spiral
- d. Vibrium
- (iv) Comma-shaped

(A) 
$$a - i$$
,  $b - ii$ ,  $c - iii$ ,  $d - iv$ 

- (B) a ii, b i, c iii, d iv
- (C) a i, b ii, c iv, d iii
- (D) a ii, b i, c iv, d iii



- (A) Dipicolinic acid and peptidoglycan in spore coat
- (B) Peptidoglycan in exosporium
- (C) Dipicolinic acid and Ca<sup>++</sup> in cortex
- (D) Dipicolinic acid and Ca<sup>++</sup> in cell membrane
- **5.** A swollen leaf base in some legumes is called :
  - (A) Pulvinus

(B) Lamina

(C) Stipule

- (D) Ligule
- **6.** Racemose inflorescence is identified by -
  - (A) Acropetal arrangement of flowers on peduncle
  - (B) Presence of sessile flowers
  - (C) Continuous growth of main axis
  - (D) Both (A) and (C)

- **7.** Stilt roots:
  - (A) Arise from horizontally placed aerial branches
  - (B) Develops from the basal node of the stem
  - (C) Are hygroscopic
  - (D) Act like pillars and provide support to aerial branches
- **8.** Which of the following phases of the cell cycle is not a part of interphase?
  - (A) S

- $(B) G_1$
- $(C) G_2$
- (D) M

- **9.** Ribosomes take part in protein synthesis in
  - (A) Viruses

- (B) Prokaryotes only
- (C) Both prokaryotes and eukaryotes
- (D) Eukaryotes only
- 10. Subunits of 80S ribosomes are
  - (A) 40S
- (B) 60S
- (C) 40S and 60S
- (D) None of the above



### **ZOOLOGY**

- 11. The most common secondary structure of protein is
  - (A) β- Pleated sheet

- (B) β- Pleated sheet parallel
- (C)  $\beta$  Pleated sheet non-parallel
- (D) α-helix

- 12. Macromolecule chitin is
  - (A) Nitrogen containing polysaccharide
  - (B) Phosphorous containing polysaccharide
  - (C) Sulphur containing polysaccharide
  - (D) None of these
- 13. A spirometer cannot be used to measure :-
  - (A) IC

- (B) RV
- (C) ERV
- (D) IRV

- 14. Respiratory centre of brain is stimulated by
  - (A) CO<sub>2</sub> content in venous blood
  - (B) CO<sub>2</sub> content in arterial blood
  - (C) O<sub>2</sub> content in arterial blood
  - (D) O<sub>2</sub> content in venous blood
- 15. Which of the following has least urea?
  - (A) Hepatic vein ARAYANA SCHOLAST (B) Renal vein DETEST
  - (C) Pulmonary vein

- (D) Hepatic portal vein
- 16. Joint diastole phase of the cardiac cycle is in between
  - (A) 'Dup' and 'Lubb' sound
  - (B) 'Lubb' and 'Dup' sound
  - (C) Beginning of auricular systole and end of ventricular systole
  - (D) None of these
- 17. Value of cardiac output is
  - (A) Auricular volume × ventricular volume
  - (B) Stroke volume  $\times$  rate of heat beat
  - (C) Blood pumped in one minute
  - (D) Both B and C
- 18. In which part of nephron, the glomerular filtrate becomes hypotonic?
  - (A) PCT

- (B) Descending limb of loop of Henle
- (C) Ascending limb of loop of Henle
- (D) Both (A) and (B)

19. Which of the following statements about the mechanism of muscle contraction are correct?

- (i) Acetylcholine is released when the neural signal reaches the motor end plate.
- (ii) Muscle contraction is initiated by a signal sent by CNS via a sensory neuron.
- (iii) During muscle contraction, isotropic band gets elongated.
- (iv) Repeated activation of the muscles can lead to lactic acid accumulation.

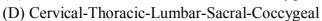
(A) (i) and (iv)

(B) (i) and (iii)

(C) (ii) and (iii)

(D) (i), (ii) and (iii)

- 20. Which one of the following is showing the correct sequential order of vertebrae in the vertebral column of human beings?
  - (A) Cervical-Lumbar-Thoracic-Sacral-Coccygeal
  - (B) Cervical-Thoracic-Sacral-Lumbar-Coccygeal
  - (C) Cervical-Sacral-Thoracic-Lumbar-Coccygeal





### **PHYSICS**

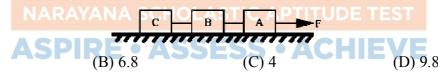
- A particle has an initial speed of  $(3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j})$  and acceleration  $(0.4\hat{i} + 0.3\hat{j})$ . Its speed after 10 s is 21.
  - (A) 8.5 units
- (B) 10 units
- (C) 7 units
- (D)  $7\sqrt{2}$  units
- 22. Two bodies of mass m and 2 m have equal kinetic energy. What is the ratio of their momenta?
  - (A) 1: 2
- (B) 1:3
- (C) 1:1
- (D)  $1:\sqrt{2}$
- A bullet of mass m moving with a speed v strikes a stationary wooden block of mass M and gets 23. embedded into the block. The final speed is
  - (A)  $\sqrt{\left(\frac{M}{M+m}\right)}v$  (B)  $\sqrt{\frac{m}{M+m}} \times v$  (C)  $\frac{m}{M+m} \times v$

- 24. If the normal reaction is doubled, the coefficient of friction
  - (A) becomes doubled

(B) becomes quadrupled

(C) remains the same

- (D) is halved
- 25. Three identical blocks, each of mass m = 2 kg, are drawn by a force F = 10.2 N on frictionless surface. What is the tension (in N) in the string between the blocks A and B?

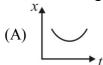


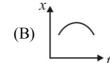
- 26. A solid sphere of mass M and radius R rolls on a horizontal surface without slipping. The ratio of rotational kinetic energy to total kinetic energy is
  - $(A) \frac{1}{2}$

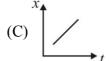
(A) 9.2

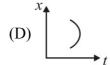
- (B) 3/7
- (C) 2/7
- (D) 2/10
- The velocity of a particle (v) at an instant t is given by  $v = at + bt^2$ . The dimension of b is 27.
  - (A) [L]
- (B) [LT<sup>-1</sup>]
- $(C) [LT^{-2}]$
- (D)  $[LT^{-3}]$

28. Position-time graph for motion with zero acceleration is

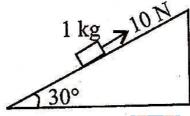








29. A block of mass 1 kg is pushed up a surface inclined to horizontal at an angle of  $30^{0}$  by a force of 10 N parallel to the inclined surface as shown in the figure. The coefficient of friction between block and the incline is 0.1. If the block is pushed up by 10 m along the incline, then the work against gravity is (Take  $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ )



(A) 10 J

(B) 50 J

(C) 100 J

(D) 150 J

30. The instantaneous angular position of a point on a rotating wheel is given by the equation  $\theta(t) = 2t^3 - 6t^2$ . The torque on the wheel becomes zero at

(A) t = 1s

- (B) t = 0.5 s
- (C) t = 0.25 s
- (D) t = 2 s

NARAYANA SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST

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### **CHEMISTRY**

- 31. Atomic weight of chlorine is 35.5. It has two isotopes of atomic weight 35 and 37. What is percentage of the heavier isotope in the sample?
  - (A) 5

- (B) 10
- (C) 25
- (D) 20
- 32. Elements A and B form two compounds  $B_2A_3$  and  $B_2A$ . Given that 0.05 moles of  $B_2A_3$  weight 9.0 g and 0.10 mole of  $B_2A$  weight 10 g . Atomic weight of A and B are
  - (A) 20 and 30
- (B) 30 and 40
- (C) 40 and 30
- (D) 30 and 20
- 33. Among the following ions, the  $p\pi$   $d\pi$  overlap could be present in
  - (A)  $NO_3^-$
- (B)  $SO_2^{2-}$
- (C)  $CO_3^{2-}$
- (D)  $NO_{2}^{-}$
- A ball of mass 200 gm is moving with velocity of 10 ms<sup>-1</sup>. If the error in measurement of velocity is 0.1%, the uncertainty in its position is
  - (A)  $3.3 \times 10^{-31}$  m
- (B)  $3.3 \times 10^{-27}$  m
- (C)  $5.3 \times 10^{-25}$  m
- (D)  $2.62 \times 10^{-32}$  m
- 35. If the uncertainty in the position of an electron is zero, the uncertainty in its momentum would be
  - (A) zero
- (B) greater than h/4p (C) less than h/4p
- (D) infinite
- 36. In Bohr's atomic model, radius and energy in orbit is related as :-
  - (A)  $r\alpha n^2$ ,  $E\alpha \frac{1}{n^2}$

- (B)  $r\alpha \frac{1}{n^2}$ ,  $E\alpha n^2$
- (C)  $r\alpha \frac{1}{n}$ ,  $E\alpha n^{\text{ARAYANA SCHOLAST}}(D)^{\Delta}E\alpha n^2$ ,  $r\alpha n^2$  TEST
- 37. Molecule having maximum number of covalent bonds is
  - (A) NH<sub>4</sub>OH
- (B) NH<sub>4</sub>Cl
- (C) CO (NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- (D) CH<sub>3</sub>OH
- 38. Which one of the following has been arranged in order of increasing covalent character?
  - (A)  $KCl < CaCl_2 < AlCl_3 < SnCl_4$
- (B)  $SnCl_4 < AlCl_3 < CaCl_2 < KCl$
- (C)  $AlCl_3 < CaCl_2 < KCl < SnCl_4$
- (D)  $CaCl_2 \le SnCl_4 \le KCl \le AlCl_3$
- 39. Given that  $Zn + \frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow ZnO + 35.25kJ$ .  $HgO \rightarrow Hg + \frac{1}{2}O_2 9.11kJ$ . The enthalpy of the

reaction  $Zn + HgO \rightarrow ZnO + Hg$  is

- (A) -26.14 KJ
- (B) 44.39 KJ
- (C) -44.39 KJ
- (D) 26.14 KJ
- 40. One mole of an ideal gas is allowed to expand reversibly and adiabatically from temperature of  $27^{0}$ C. If the work done during the process is 3 KJ, the final temperature will equal to  $(C_{v} = 20 \text{ JK}^{-1})$ 
  - (A) 100 K
- (B) 150 K
- (C) 295
- (D) 26.85oC